

ELIZABETH HICKMAN—HEIRS OF.

[To accompany Bill H. R. No. 792.]

MAY 25, 1860.

Mr. J. M. LEACH, from the Committee on Revolutionary Pensions,  
made the following

REPORT.

*The Committee on Revolutionary Pensions, to whom was referred the petition of the children of Elizabeth Hickman, deceased, widow of John Hickman, late of Georgia, have had the same under consideration, and report:*

That it appears from the papers in this case that John Hickman asserted his claim under act of 7th June, 1832, on the 5th October, 1832, claimed for various periods of service performed by him in the war of the revolution, from the State of North Carolina, but died before his proofs were completed. He left a widow, Elizabeth Hickman, who survived him till the 17th October, 1852, when she died.

Lewis G. Hickman, one of the children, and administrator of the estate of his deceased mother, asserted a claim under the act of 7th July, 1838, proving most clearly that his mother and father were married *prior to 1st January, 1794.*

The department, it seems, allowed a pension under the act of Congress of the 29th July, 1848, at the rate of \$46 66 per annum. The children now claim that the pension should have been allowed under the act of Congress of 7th July, 1838.

Your committee being satisfied that her marriage did take place prior to 1794, and that the surviving children of the said Elizabeth Hickman are entitled to the benefits of the act of 7th July, 1838, report a bill in accordance therewith.

ELIZABETH HICKMAN—HEIRS OF

The foregoing bill is to amend

MAY 22, 1852

W. S. M. Larkin, from the Committee on Revolutionary Pensions,  
reads the following

REPORT

The Committee on Revolutionary Pensions, to which was referred the  
petition of the heirs of Elizabeth Hickman, deceased, widow of  
John Hickman, late of Georgia, have had the same under consideration,  
and report

That it appears from the papers in this case that John Hickman  
died on the 22d day of July, 1832, on the 2d October,  
1832, entitled for various periods of service performed by him in the  
war of the revolution, from the State of North Carolina, but that  
before his death was discharged. He left a widow, Elizabeth Hick-  
man, who survived him till the 17th October, 1852, when she died.

Elizabeth Hickman, one of the children, and administrator of the  
estate of the deceased mother, executed a claim under the act of the  
5th March, 1832, provided more clearly that his mother and father were  
married prior to 1st January, 1784.

The act of 1832, it would appear, allowed a pension under the act of 1792  
in the 22d July, 1832, at the rate of \$100 per annum. The  
act of 1832, however, claims that the pension should have been allowed under  
the act of Congress of the 22d July, 1832.

The committee being satisfied that the mother and father were  
married prior to 1st January, 1784, and that the surviving children of the said Elizabeth  
Hickman are entitled to the benefits of the act of the 22d July, 1832,  
reports a bill in accordance therewith.